

Amendments to the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of damping parasitic vibrations coming from the front axle assembly of a motor vehicle fitted with electric power steering, using a power-steering electric motor controlled by an electronic computer that delivers ~~an electrical setpoint~~ a target current, taking into account various parameters, from which a power current of the power-steering electric motor is established, the damping method ~~consisting essentially~~ in: comprising:

- ~~having available in the computer~~ receiving an electrical signal which possesses ~~a parasitic component portion that is the image of~~ represents the parasitic vibrations coming from the front axle assembly of the vehicle;

- ~~processing said~~ processing the electrical signal so as to isolate ~~its~~ the parasitic component portion that ~~is the image of~~ represents the parasitic vibrations;

- ~~calculating~~ calculating, from the parasitic ~~component portion~~ thus isolated, a correction current for correcting the aforementioned ~~setpoint target current; and~~ current,

- ~~applying the calculated~~ applying the calculated correction current to the ~~setpoint target~~ current, ~~determined by taking other parameters into account~~, in order to control the electric power-steering ~~motor; motor~~.

wherein the electrical signal, ~~used in the computer as signal "containing" the parasitic component, being~~ signal is an available signal relating to the electric power-steering motor, in particular the speed of the electric power-steering motor; motor.

2. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, ~~characterized in that~~ the processing of the aforementioned electrical signal, for the purpose of

isolating its component ~~that is the image of~~ represents the parasitic vibrations to be damped, is damped with a filtering filter that lets through the high-frequency component portion or components and that portions, and

~~eliminates eliminating however, from this~~ the electrical signal, the low-frequency component portion or components, especially those that are imposed by the driver of the vehicle in question portions.

3. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, ~~characterized in that the calculation of further comprising calculating, from the parasitic portion,~~ the correction current, ~~from the isolated parasitic component,~~ also takes into account at least one other parameter.

4. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 3, ~~characterized in that said wherein the at least one other parameter is the~~ includes the speed of the vehicle.

5. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 3, ~~characterized in that a parameter assigned calculation of the correction current~~ further comprising the at least one other parameter is a multiplication by a variable "gain", ~~this being wherein the gain is a function for example of the speed of the vehicle.~~

6. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in claim 3, ~~characterized in that further comprising the at least one other parameter assigned calculation of the correction current is a calculation of the "transfer function" kind is a transfer function calculation.~~

7. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, ~~characterized in that the further comprising a final application of the calculated correction current to the setpoint target current is a subtraction of the correction current from the setpoint-target current determined on the basis of other parameters, so as to deliver, as a result of this subtraction, the final setpoint-target current, which, when transformed into a control current, will control controls~~ the electric power steering by correcting the vibrations coming from the front

axle assembly of the vehicle.

8. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 2, ~~characterized in that the calculation of further comprising calculating, from the parasitic portion, the correction current, from the isolated parasitic component,~~ also takes into account at least one other parameter.

9. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 4, ~~characterized in that a parameter assigned calculation of the correction current is a multiplication further comprising the at least one other parameter is a multiplication~~ by a variable “gain”, ~~this being wherein the gain is a function for example of the speed of the vehicle.~~

10. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in claim 4, ~~characterized in that further comprising the parameter assigned calculation of the correction current at least one other parameter~~ is a calculation of the “transfer function” kind ~~transfer function calculation.~~

11. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 2, ~~characterized in that the further comprising a final application of the calculated correction current to the setpoint target current~~ is a subtraction of the correction current from the ~~setpoint-target~~ current determined on the basis of other parameters, so as to deliver, as a result of this subtraction, the final ~~setpoint-target~~ current, which, when transformed into a control current, will ~~control controls~~ the electric power steering by correcting the vibrations coming from the front axle assembly of the vehicle.

12. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 3, ~~characterized in that the further comprising a final application of the calculated correction current to the setpoint target current~~ is a subtraction of the correction current from the ~~setpoint-target~~ current determined on the basis of other parameters, so as to deliver, as a result of this subtraction, the final ~~setpoint-target~~ current, which, when transformed into a control current, will

~~control~~controls the electric power steering by correcting the vibrations coming from the front axle assembly of the vehicle.

13. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 4, ~~characterized in that~~
~~the further comprising a~~ final application of the calculated correction current to the ~~setpoint~~
~~target~~ current is a subtraction of the correction current from the ~~setpoint-target~~ current
~~determined on the basis of other parameters~~, so as to deliver, as a result of this subtraction,
the final ~~setpoint-target~~ current, which, when transformed into a control current, ~~will~~
~~control~~controls the electric power steering by correcting the vibrations coming from the front axle assembly of the vehicle.

14. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 5, ~~characterized in that~~
~~the further comprising a~~ final application of the calculated correction current to the ~~setpoint~~
~~target~~ current is a subtraction of the correction current from the ~~setpoint-target~~ current
~~determined on the basis of other parameters~~, so as to deliver, as a result of this subtraction,
the final ~~setpoint-target~~ current, which, when transformed into a control current, ~~will~~
~~control~~controls the electric power steering by correcting the vibrations coming from the front axle assembly of the vehicle.

15. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 6, ~~characterized in that~~
~~the further comprising a~~ final application of the calculated correction current to the ~~setpoint~~
~~target~~ current is a subtraction of the correction current from the ~~setpoint-target~~ current
~~determined on the basis of other parameters~~, so as to deliver, as a result of this subtraction,
the final ~~setpoint-target~~ current, which, when transformed into a control current, ~~will~~
~~control~~controls the electric power steering by correcting the vibrations coming from the front axle assembly of the vehicle.